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Disaster
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Supplement

	Property taxes subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25, with the assessed value in 2021; this total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2) and the captured value for tax increment financing (adjustment is made by deducting TIF taxes, as reflected in Line 17). ¹	\$ 65,042,682
2.	2021 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior college districts. Enter 2021 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ²	\$ 12,394,855
3.	Preliminary 2021 adjusted taxable value. Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	\$ 52,647,827
4.	2021 total adopted tax rate.	\$ 0.613750 /\$100
5.	2021 taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced 2021 appraised value. A. Original 2021 ARB values: \$ 0 B. 2021 values resulting from final court decisions: -\$ 0 C. 2021 value loss. Subtract B from A. ³	\$ 0
6.	2021 taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25. A. 2021 ARB certified value: \$ 0 B. 2021 disputed value: -\$ 0 C. 2021 undisputed value. Subtract B from A. ³	\$ 0
7.	2021 Chapter 42 related adjusted values. Add Line 5C and Line 6C.	\$ 0
8.	2021 taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments. Add Line 3 and Line 7.	\$ 52,647,827
9.	2021 taxable value of property in territory the taxing unit deannexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Enter the 2021 value of property in deannexed territory. ⁴	\$ 0
10.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in 2022. If the taxing unit increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freepart, goods-in-transit, temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in 2022 does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. Absolute exemptions. Use 2021 market value: \$ 0 B. Partial exemptions. 2022 exemption amount or 2022 percentage exemption times 2021 value: + \$ 0 C. Value loss. Add A and B. ⁵	\$ 0
11.	2021 taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in 2022. Use only properties that qualified in 2022 for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in 2021. A. 2021 market value: \$ 0 B. 2022 productivity or special appraised value: -\$ 0 C. Value loss. Subtract B from A. ⁶	\$ 0
12.	Total adjustments for lost value. Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	\$ 0
13.	2021 captured value of property in a TIF. Enter the total value of 2021 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which 2021 taxes were deposited into the tax increment fund. If the taxing unit has no captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. ⁶	\$ 0
14.	2021 total value levy. Subtract Line 12 and Line 13 from Line 8.	\$ 52,647,827
15.	Adjusted 2021 taxes. Multiply Line 4 by Line 14 and divide by \$100.	\$ 323,126
16.	Taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021. Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the taxing unit for tax years preceding tax year 2021. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. ⁷	\$ 0
17.	Adjusted 2021 levy with refunds and TIF adjustment. Add Lines 15 and 16. ⁹	\$ 323,126
18.	Total 2022 taxable value on the 2022 certified appraisal roll today. This value includes only certified values or certified estimates of values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 20). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. ¹⁰ A. Certified values: \$ 68,350,914 B. Counties: Include railroad rolling stock values certified by the Comptroller's office: + \$ C. Pollution control and energy storage system exemption: Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property: -\$ 0 D. Tax increment financing: Deduct the 2022 captured appraised value of property taxable by a taxing unit in a tax increment financing zone for which the 2022 taxes will be deposited into the tax increment fund. Do not include any new property value that will be included in Line 23 below. ¹¹ -\$ 0 E. Total 2022 value. Add A and B, then subtract C and D.	\$ 68,350,914

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20.	2022 tax ceilings. Counties, cities and junior colleges enter 2022 total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. Other taxing units enter 0. If your taxing unit adopted the tax ceiling provision in 2021 or a prior year for homeowners age 65 or older or disabled, use this step. ¹⁵	\$	12,764,437
21.	2022 total taxable value. Add Lines 18E and 19C. Subtract Line 20.	\$	55,586,477
22.	Total 2022 taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, 2021. Include both real and personal property. Enter the 2022 value of property in territory annexed. ¹⁶	\$	0
23.	Total 2022 taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements. New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in 2021. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the taxing unit after Jan. 1, 2021, and be located in a new improvement. New improvements do include property on which a tax abatement agreement has expired for 2022. ¹⁷	\$	515,975
24.	Total adjustments to the 2022 taxable value. Add Lines 22 and 23.	\$	515,975
25.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Subtract Line 24 from Line 21.	\$	55,070,502
26.	2022 NNR tax rate. Divide Line 17 by Line 25 and multiply by \$100. ¹⁸	\$	0.586749 / \$100
27.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the NNR tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county NNR tax rate. ²¹	\$	0 / \$100

A county, city or hospital district that adopted the additional sales tax in November 2021 or in May 2022 must adjust its no-new-revenue tax rate. The Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet sets out this adjustment. Do not forget to complete the Additional Sales Tax Rate Worksheet if the taxing unit adopted the additional sales tax on those dates.

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Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet		\$ 32,641,621
30.	Total 2021 M&O Levy Multiply Line 28 by Line 29 and divide by \$100.	\$ 323,126
31.	Adjusted 2021 levy for calculating NNR M&O rate. A. M&O taxes refunded for years preceding tax year 2021: Enter the amount of M&O taxes refunded in the preceding year for taxes before that year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for tax year 2021. This line applies only to tax years preceding tax year 2021. + \$ 0 B. 2021 taxes in TIF: Enter the amount of taxes paid into the tax increment fund for a reinvestment zone as agreed by the taxing unit. If the taxing unit has no 2022 captured appraised value in Line 18D, enter 0. -\$ 0 C. 2021 transferred function: If discontinuing all of a department, function or activity and transferring it to another taxing unit by written contract, enter the amount spent by the taxing unit discontinuing the function in the 12 months preceding the month of this calculation. If the taxing unit did not operate this function for this 12-month period, use the amount spent in the last full fiscal year in which the taxing unit operated the function. The taxing unit discontinuing the function will subtract this amount in D below. The taxing unit receiving the function will add this amount in D below. Other taxing units enter 0. +/- \$ 0 D. 2021 M&O Levy Adjustments. Subtract B from A. For taxing unit with C, subtract if discontinuing function and add if receiving function. \$ 0 E. Add Line 30 to Line 31D.	\$ 323,126
32.	Adjusted 2022 taxable value. Enter the amount in Line 25 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$ 55,070,502
33.	2022 NNR M&O rate (unadjusted). Divide Line 31E by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.	\$ 0.586749 /\$100
34.	Rate adjustment for state criminal justice mandate. A. 2022 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. \$ 0 B. 2021 state criminal justice mandate. Enter the amount spent by a county in the 12 months prior to the previous 12 months providing for the maintenance and operation cost of keeping inmates in county-paid facilities after they have been sentenced. Do not include any state reimbursement received by the county for the same purpose. Enter zero if this is the first time the mandate applies. \$ 0 C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$ 0 D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0
35.	Rate adjustment for indigent health care expenditures. A. 2022 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. \$ 0 B. 2021 indigent health care expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a taxing unit providing for the maintenance and operation cost of providing indigent health care for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state assistance received for the same purpose. \$ 0 C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$ 0 D. Enter the rate calculated in C. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0
36.	Rate adjustment for county indigent defense compensation. Enter the lesser of C and D. If not applicable, enter 0. A. 2022 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 28.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2021 and ending on June 30, 2022, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. \$ 0 B. 2021 indigent defense compensation expenditures. Enter the amount paid by a county to provide appointed counsel for indigent individuals and fund the operations of a public defender's office under Article 28.044, Code of Criminal Procedure for the period beginning on July 1, 2020 and ending on June 30, 2021, less any state grants received by the county for the same purpose. \$ 0 C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by 100. \$ 0 D. Multiply B by 0.05 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100. \$ 0 E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable. If not applicable, enter 0.	\$ 0

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38.	<p>E. Enter the lesser of C and D, if applicable, if not applicable, enter 0.</p> <p>D. Multiply B by 0.08 and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.</p> <p>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by 100.</p>	\$	0
39.	<p>A. Amount appropriated for public safety in 2021 Enter the amount of money appropriated for public safety in the budget adopted by the municipality for the preceding fiscal year.</p> <p>B. Expenditures for public safety in 2021. Enter the amount of money spent by the municipality for public safety during the preceding fiscal year.</p> <p>C. Subtract B from A and divide by Line 32 and multiply by \$100.</p> <p>D. Enter the rate calculated in C, if not applicable, enter 0.</p>	\$	0 / \$100
40.	<p>Adjusted 2022 NMR M&O rate, Add Lines 33, 34D, 35D, 36E, and 37E, Subtract Line 38D.</p> <p>A. Enter the amount of additional sales tax collected and spent on M&O expenses in 2021, if any. Counties must exclude any amount that was spent for economic development grants from the amount of sales tax spent.</p> <p>B. Divide Line 40A by Line 32 and multiply by 100.</p> <p>C. Add Line 40B to Line 39.</p>	\$	0.586749 / \$100
41.	<p>2022 voter-approval M&O rate. Enter the rate as calculated by the appropriate scenario below.</p> <p>Special Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit qualifies as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.08.</p> <p>Other Taxing Unit. If the taxing unit does not qualify as a special taxing unit, multiply Line 40C by 1.035.</p> <p>Are you a special taxing unit? Special taxing units are hospitals, college districts, and any entity with an M&O rate less than 2.5%. Entering a proposed M&O rate less than 2.5% on the Public Hearing screen will also qualify an entity as a Special Taxing Unit.</p> <p>Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/></p>	\$	0.607285 / \$100
D41.	<p>Disaster Line 41 (D41): 2022 voter-approval M&O rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. If the taxing unit is located in an area declared a disaster area and at least one person is granted an exemption under Tax Code Section 11.35 for property located in the taxing unit, the governing body may direct the person calculating the voter-approval tax rate to calculate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit. The taxing unit shall continue to calculate the voter-approval tax rate in this manner until the earlier of (1) the first year in which total taxable value on the certified appraisal roll exceeds the total taxable value of the tax year in which the disaster occurred, or (2) the third year after the tax year in which the disaster occurred.</p> <p>If the taxing unit qualifies under this scenario, multiply Line 40C by 1.08. If the taxing unit does not qualify, do not complete Disaster Line 41 (Line D41).</p> <p>Are you responding to a disaster as described above? Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input checked="" type="radio"/></p>	\$	0 / \$100
42.	<p>Total 2022 debt to be paid with property taxes and additional sales tax revenue.</p> <p>ACT Tip: Please enter your debt information on the debt screen.</p> <p>Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that:</p> <p>(1) are paid by property taxes.</p> <p>(2) are secured by property taxes.</p> <p>(3) are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year and (4) are not classified in the taxing unit's budget as M&O expenses.</p> <p>A. Debt also includes contractual payments to other taxing units that have incurred debts on behalf of this taxing unit, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments that will be paid from other resources.</p> <p>B. Subtract unencumbered fund amount used to reduce total debt.</p> <p>C. Subtract carried amount spent from sales tax to reduce debt (enter zero if none).</p> <p>D. Subtract amount paid from other resources.</p> <p>E. Adjusted debt. Subtract B, C and D from A.</p>	\$	0
43.	<p>Certified 2021 excess debt collections. Enter the amount certified by the collector.</p>	\$	0
44.	<p>Adjusted 2022 debt. Subtract Line 43 from Line 42E.</p>	\$	0

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	E. If the anticipated collection rate in A is lower than actual collection rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest collection rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%	\$	0 %
46.	2022 debt adjusted for collections. Divide Line 44 by Line 45E.	\$	0
47.	2022 total taxable value. Enter the amount on Line 21 of the No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.	\$	55,586,477
48.	2022 debt tax rate. Divide Line 46 by Line 47 and multiply by \$100.	\$	0 /\$100
49.	2022 voter-approval tax rate. Add Lines 41 and 48.	\$	0.607285 /\$100
D49.	Disaster Line 49 (D49): 2022 voter-approval tax rate for taxing unit affected by disaster declaration. Complete this line if the taxing unit calculated the voter-approval tax rate in the manner provided for a special taxing unit on Line D41. Add Line D41 and 48.	\$	0.000000 /\$100
50.	COUNTIES ONLY. Add together the voter-approval tax rates for each type of tax the county levies. The total is the 2022 county voter-approval tax rate.	\$	0 /\$100

A taxing unit that adopted the additional sales tax must complete the lines for the Additional Sales and Use Tax Worksheet. A taxing unit seeking additional protection for pollution control expenses completes the Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Worksheet.